**ESSAY**

 *for publication in*

**“Activating Activism: Promoting Activism within Ed.D. Programs”**

**in *Impacting Education***

Included in this submission is a working draft of our proposed essay. As we prepare to launch our newly designed EdD in Learning and Teaching in Social Contexts (pending approval), with this essay, we aim to begin developing a line of scholarly literature that highlights the unique, CPED-influenced features of our new program. In addition, advocacy for full-time working professionals across wide-ranging disciplines, part-time distance learners, and students driven by addressing injustice in their communities and implementing equity-focused best practices, to name a few examples, are discussed.

**SMACKtivism: A Program Redesign So Good, You Won’t Know What Hit You**

**Abstract**

This essay describes the context, mission, guiding principles, and anticipated benefits and limitations of our newly designed EdD in Learning and Teaching in Social Contexts. As we prepare to launch our new program (pending approval), our key development efforts are focused on implementing leading-edge coursework centering on problems of practice through a blend of online interactions and applied, real-world experiences. Our primary objective is to equip scholar-practitioners with the expertise to initiate and sustain systematic approaches to improvement within their local educational communities, both during and following their time in the program.

**Introduction: Balancing Excellence and Equity**

With today’s expansive access to distance learning, or learning that takes place partially or entirely over the Internet, online course delivery provides users the flexibility of completing degree programs outside the constraints of time and place (Chaney, 2001; Gilbert, 2015; U.S. Department of Education, 2010). In the United States, where 85.8% of males and 66.5% of females work more than 40 hours per week, it is understandable that 48% of today’s students are enrolled in fully online degree programs which allow them to complete coursework requirements alongside myriad responsibilities (Bureau of Labor Statistics, 2015; Allen & Seaman, 2017). Furthermore, in order to identify and address barriers to educational opportunity, institutions of higher education must take ownership of the ways in which academic cultural practices promote systemic inequities. As educational opportunities grow, the need for programs that are responsive to an increasingly diverse student population must be balanced with an emphasis on maintaining excellence.

In the fourteen years since Arthur Levine’s (2005) call to abolish the Doctor of Education degree, researchers such as Shulman, Golde, Bueschel, and Garabedian (2006), as well as the Carnegie Project on the Education Doctorate (CPED) consortium which includes over 100 accredited institutions of higher education, have been working to reclaim the professional doctorate through dialogue, experimentation, critical feedback, and evaluation. Furthermore, with the ever-increasing demand for distance learning programs, many institutions now offer online EdD program options that deliver leading-edge content knowledge and research methods through a blend of online interactions and applied, real-world experiences to honor the local educational context of each student.

As we sought to re-imagine our doctoral programs, we aimed to balance equity and excellence. This required us to engage in multidimensional analysis related to the career goals of students, their learning needs, our own institutional norms, and disciplinary standards in the field. All these dimensions were intentionally aligned with a commitment to activism toward equity and justice. Consistent with our mission as a public institution, faculty in the Department of Learning and Instruction (LAI) in the Graduate School of Education (GSE) at the [university name] (henceforth referred to as [university initials]) were united in the effort to expand opportunities while maintaining the high standards expected of an American Association of Universities (AAU) institution. We learned that this necessitated an approach to reform that was genuinely dialogic - to transform toward justice, we needed to be willing to examine and transform our own ways of thinking and acting.

Through survey data collection and conversations with current PhD students, we found that many students with full-time work responsibilities and the need for distance learning flexibility sought an applied alternative to primarily theoretical PhD programs. In response to students’ feedback, the department applied for and secured institutional membership with CPED, appointed a new director of doctoral studies, and collaborated to design a new EdD program during the 2019-20 academic year.

**The Context for Designing a New EdD Program**

As educational scholars, we approached program revisions from a research perspective, with the overarching goal of addressing this inquiry: *How can a doctoral program in a public institution balance equity and excellence?* Sub-questions included the following:

* How do students describe their experiences in our current Curriculum, Instruction and the Science of Learning (CISL) PhD program?
* In what ways does our current CISL PhD align with departmental commitment to equity and justice?
* How do students describe the overall quality of the coursework they have taken in our current CISL PhD program?
* What are the primary types of work students hope to do immediately following their graduation from our current CISL PhD program?
* How can curriculum maximize flexibility while ensuring that foundational courses in two broad fields, Curriculum and Instruction and Learning Sciences, are offered?
* How can we ensure that students have access to a broad range of methods courses, while also providing the depth necessary to equip them with research expertise?

Within our Department of Learning and Instruction, most doctoral students are enrolled in the CISL PhD program, which was established in 2013. While both on-campus and online options are available, the vast majority of students are enrolled in the fully-online version. In May of 2019, a survey was sent out to all doctoral students in the department; of the ⅓ of students that responded, 60.5% were currently enrolled in the CISL online program, 65.4% held part-time student status, and 67.5% held full-time jobs in addition to pursuing the PhD. When asked to rate elements of the doctoral program on a scale of importance, less than 40% of students said that earning a career in academia was important to them, and more than 60% of students said that applying what they learn in their workplace and local communities was of utmost importance to them. Finally, when introduced to the idea of a new EdD program focused on impacting educational problems of practice and field-focused research, student responses were enthusiastic:

Even with a Ph.D., some of us are not interested in faculty/research pathways in the traditional sense. We have jobs, families, and responsibilities...It’s encouraging to learn that a new Ed.D. will be added to the offerings.

I am very interested in the EdD option...I am interested in quantitative research or classroom action research.

I strongly agree that having an EdD program would direct more practice-oriented folks in a more productive direction for everyone.

I have such a good feeling about this transition and I feel like a weight has been lifted. I spend so much time helping students “learn how to learn” and mentoring other educators, that this EdD seems like the perfect fit for me.

During a department meeting in May of 2019, we reviewed our program completion data coupled with students’ feedback surrounding their experiences in the CISL seated and online programs. Our findings indicated that many CISL Online students were only registering for 3-credits per semester, if at all, and the graduation rate was lower than we anticipated. Many of our CISL Online students are full-time working professionals who do not intend to pursue careers in academia; rather, many of them chose to pursue the doctorate to advance in their current positions and/or open up new opportunities to design strategies to impact problems of educational practice. As such, we identified the need to offer our students an applied, professional doctorate geared toward preparing scholar-practitioners to use evidence-based practices to challenge inequity and solve problems that education leaders face on a daily basis. This realization led to the design of our forthcoming EdD program in Learning and Teaching in Social Contexts, as well as our membership with the Carnegie Project on the Education Doctorate (CPED).

**Program Design**

 For over a decade, universities in the United States have observed a dramatic growth of students who enroll in online courses (Halupa & Bollinger, 2013). Between fall 2008 and fall 2009, the United States observed a 21% increase in the number of students who were enrolled in online courses, which indicated that approximately 5.6 million students were enrolled in at least one online course (Allen & Seaman, 2011). By 2010, the United States observed an additional 10% increase, which indicated that approximately 31% of students in higher education were enrolled in at least one online course - an ever-increasing growth rate that was not expected to taper off in the foreseeable future (Allen & Seaman, 2011). In 2017, the National Center for Education Statistics reported that 33.7% of students in higher education were enrolled in online courses, which indicated that approximately 6.7 million students were enrolled in at least one online course (Snyder, de Brey, & Dillow, 2019). Given the exponential growth of online students in the United States, a reality that was observable in our online CISL PhD program at [university initials], we determined that a fully online degree program would offer current and prospective students an accessible and flexible opportunity for working professionals to earn an education doctorate.

 As previously mentioned, through survey data collection and conversations with students, we realized that many of our CISL Online students’ professional backgrounds and career goals suggested that they might be better suited for a doctoral program that would allow them to collaborate across school, academic, and community boundaries to “blend their practical wisdom with their professional skills and knowledge to name, frame, and solve problems of practice” (CPED, 2010, para. 9). Since our existing EdD program in Elementary Education was receiving few applications in comparison to our multidisciplinary PhD program in CISL, we identified the need for a new program that would accommodate the coursework and experiential pursuits of a wider audience, as well as offer our CISL Online students an applied alternative to a theory-oriented degree designed for aspiring researchers and academics. As such, the proposal for a newly designed EdD in Learning and Teaching in Social Contexts was born.

**Mission**

 As part of our design process, it was imperative to articulate a Learning and Teaching in Social Contexts EdD program mission for our current PhD students interested in transitioning, as well as the competitive external candidates we may wish to admit upon final approval of the program. When we first introduced the idea of a new EdD program during department meetings and one-on-one conversations in the Spring of 2019, we learned that faculty and students felt unclear about the distinguishable differences between a PhD and EdD. As a result, we decided that our mission should emphasize the EdD’s practical focus on developing transformational leaders who design strategies to impact problems of practice. Accordingly, we wanted to assert that the EdD/PhD distinction is based on the primary focus of the degree and does not suggest that problems of practice are not amenable to the application of theory.

Designed within an actionable, justice-focused framework, [university name]’s Doctor of Education in Learning and Teaching in Social Contexts blends contemporary theory and practice across synergistic learning experiences to produce the next generation of educational professionals dedicated to addressing emergent problems of practice.

**CPED Framework**

 Following our insitution’s acceptance to the CPED consortium, during the summer of 2019, the Dean of the Graduate School of Education, our department chair, several senior faculty members in the Departments of Learning and Instruction and Educational Leadership and Policy, and a newly-appointed director of doctoral studies attended the June convening. Although we attended the convening with ideas for how we would approach our program’s design, our interactions with experienced CPED members and an improved understanding of CPED’s seven guiding principles provided us with the resources and cornerstones of our program’s identity to ensure a methodical, rigorous, and leading-edge program blueprint.

 Aligned with CPED’s guiding principles (Carnegie Project on the Education Doctorate, 2009b) and grounded in practice that emphasizes direct, vigorous action to generate educational change, our new EdD program:

* Is framed around questions of equity, ethics, and social justice to design strategies to impact complex problems of practice.
* Prepares leaders who can construct and apply knowledge to make a positive difference in the lives of individuals, families, organizations, and communities.
* Provides opportunities for candidates to develop and demonstrate collaboration and communication skills to work with diverse communities and to build partnerships.
* Provides field-based opportunities to analyze problems of practice and use multiple frames to design meaningful strategies.
* Is grounded in and develops a professional knowledge base that integrates both practical and research knowledge, that links theory with systemic and systematic inquiry.
* Emphasizes the generation, transformation, and use of professional knowledge and practice.

 In relation to our new EdD’s learning outcomes, our program will graduate scholar-practitioners who have demonstrated the ability to: (1) identify, contextualize, and propose strategies to impact problems of practice in varied educational contexts; (2) cultivate and sustain effective, inclusive, and justice-oriented educational communities; (3) disseminate research that serves to resolve critical educational problems; (4) demonstrate an understanding of the importance of equity and justice in shaping their approach(es) to solving problems of educational practice; and (5) apply critical inquiry to and through varied laboratories of practice.

**Improvement Science in Education**

 When we joined CPED during the summer of 2019, we were unfamiliar with Improvement Science, or *continuous improvement*, as an approach to study and improve education programs and processes (Bryk et al., 2017). Through our interactions with experienced CPED members and collaborative exploration of research and resources focused on Improvement Science, we began to understand its role in systems thinking, or how we “see the system” of complex organizational problems. While thinking about the relationship between Improvement Science and activism, it was critical to consider how this intersecting framework would shape our new EdD program’s coursework and practicum experiences, especially while students focus their problems of practice. As we brainstormed what the content, conversations, and practical experiences might look like, we drew connections to students’ systems thinking represented in Tinkler et al. (2016):

The path to navigating through and grappling with my own intersectionality of identity and privilege has allowed me to acknowledge the ways in which individuals, including myself, work as part of the oppressive system, while continuing to question and understand the ways in which the system oppresses its people...this recognition is necessary if one is to ever work toward social change (p. 77).

In the example above, the student recognizes that they have a choice to make--if they choose to ignore their structural privileges, they are complicit in a system of inequality that privileges some at the expense of others. Furthermore, embedded within these narrative accounts is an emerging view that allowing oneself to exist with complacency in a system that attributes privilege to some over others will forecoles social change (p. 77).

 Therefore, with a focus on double-loop learning, a critical feature of continuous improvement, our students will use theories of action - that is, the delivery models for theories of change - to expand their analytical frame and explicitly identify and challenge their own underlying assumptions and beliefs (Argyris, 1976). By using double-loop learning, students will shift their focus from direct problem solving, and instead learn to examine their problems of practice from different angles and test holistic, wide-ranging changes (Argyris & Schon, 1978). Throughout the process, students will use City’s et al. (2018) networked approach to improving teaching and learning by developing and testing theories of action that:

* Align intended theory with the realities of work within an educational organization.
* Connect strategy to the actions and relationships critical to effective instruction and student learning.
* Identify the mutual dependencies required to carry out complex improvement work.
* Are grounded in research and/or evidence-based practice.
* Begin with a statement of a causal relationship between what I/we do and what constitutes a productive result in the organization.
* Prioritize high-leverage practices for achievement and equity.
* Are powerful enough to transform programs and practices.

**Promoting Activism**

As proud members of CPED, we are committed to aligning our new program with the consortium’s guiding principles to support quality, rigorous practitioner preparation while honoring the local context of our students’ communities. Focused by a lens of justice and an improvement science framework, our new program is designed to empower and equip students to lead proactive and responsive systemic change using problem-solving approaches centered on continuous inquiry and learning. Throughout our three cross-cutting program stages - (1) coursework centering on a problem of practice; (2) design and research methods for educational improvement; (3) dissertation in practice - students will harness their own transformative power to conduct applied research to unique problems of practice in their communities. Our students will employ justice-driven methods derived from iterative inquiry cycles to advocate for diversity and equitable educational practices beyond paradigmatic lines such as race, gender, and sexual orientation inclusivity; they will move beyond knowledge consumption to knowledge ***production*** and champion diversity in educational practice as difference in approach, attitude, and perspective.

**Anticipated Benefits and Limitations of Our Model**

 A key benefit of our model is that [university name] recruits students from diverse educational settings, including fields such as nursing and counseling, and share a common commitment to learning and serving as transformational leaders. Since our program structure allows completion in three full years of part-time study, including summer-term enrollment, our model will accommodate the needs of working professionals through customized learning plans, structured timelines, and an online delivery format.

 On the contrary, a potential limitation of our model is its fully online format. Faculty who are coordinating and teaching within the program will be responsible for cultivating a collaborative, transcultural community for EdD students.

**Lessons Learned**

 Prompted by the needs of our students and doctoral-level program goals of our department, our program redesign received unanimous support from department faculty, Chair, and the Dean of GSE. Rather than limit our program to students who are interested in elementary education, our new program in Learning and Teaching in Social Contexts will attract and welcome students from wide-ranging educational disciplines and contexts. Furthermore, with the addition of CPED’s guiding principles, students will graduate from our new EdD program with justice-focused knowledge, professionalism, and expertise to initiate and sustain improvement efforts that reduce educational inequities.

         Throughout the redesign process, we learned that continuous improvement is best informed by dialogue with all stakeholders across multiple contexts including, but not limited to: students, faculty, post-graduation career interests and opportunities, and the fields – in our case, Curriculum and Instruction and Learning Sciences. Lessons learned from our current doctoral students and our experiences with advising and teaching in the CISL PhD program allowed us to identify the need and opportunity to balance the instrumental versus exploratory orientation of our new EdD program. Now, with a clearer understanding of their practice-focused research interests and the careers that some of our current doctoral students and prospective EdD candidates are aspiring towards, we are well-positioned to launch an EdD program that is responsive to our students’ academic and vocational pursuits.

         In addition to foregrounding our EdD’s learning outcomes in CPED’s guiding principles and equipping our students with the competencies necessary to re(enter) educational contexts as scholar-practitioners, our new program will offer working professionals the flexibility to complete the EdD through a part-time, fully-online delivery model. With hopes of attracting and enrolling students from global contexts and wide-ranging educational disciplines through our cohort model, our students will be equipped with the methodological knowledge to advocate for diversity and equity in educational settings. With the support of our students and colleagues, as well as the knowledge gleaned from our membership with CPED, we are ready and eager to prepare the next generation of education activists who will enrich and vitalize our interdisciplinary department.

**Recommendations**

 Based on lessons learned, our new EdD program is grounded in the fact that professional consortiums like CPED provide a model for evidence-based practices to scholar-practitioner preparation. Therefore, in order to sustain an EdD program’s commitment to quality, rigorous practitioner preparation, we recommend the following:

1. *Conducting a regular program review and revision process that includes multiple stakeholders and maintains a justice-focused orientation*. Ensuring that the review process is consistent and inclusive serves dual purposes. It promotes aspirations toward excellence and removes barriers associated with organizational change. Further, when criteria and practices related to review are grounded in principles rooted in justice, program revisions will necessarily reflect this commitment.
2. *Centering program outcomes and assessments on equity and justice as defined by multiple stakeholders.* Review and revision processes cannot be simply overlaid onto existing programs; to be effective, reorientation toward equity and justice must be built into program outcomes, course objectives, and students and program assessments. This endeavor requires collaboration among stakeholders to be initial and ongoing. That is, it involves careful consideration of the program at the outset, as well as continuous efforts to engage diverse stakeholder groups to critically evaluate program goals and outcomes.
3. *Organizing and sustaining a student-faculty advisory board to learn about students’ ongoing program needs and expectations as well as emerging trends.* Resource allocation is a window into values; to see what matters, look for where time, money, and resources - human and otherwise - are dedicated. Without oversight, it can be easy for administrative considerations to overshadow the most noble intentions. A student-faculty advisory board can extend the perspective of oversight and help to assure that opportunity, equity, and justice retain primacy in program development, implementation, and evaluation.
4. *Establishing a culture of collaborative professionalism prior to admission, throughout the three-year program, and as a sustaining professional network post-graduation*. Developing a culture of collaborative profession requires sustained attention from recruitment through admission, as well as beyond program completion. Clarity of purpose with respect to a commitment to equity and justice must be established prior to admission and supported throughout program coursework. Tenets of collaborative professionalism can be upheld by including collaborative activities as part of the application process, and by scaffolding application materials to be educative with respect to program. In short, the application experience can mirror the culture and mission of the program.

 The lessons and recommendations, like any learning experience, are multidimensional, recursive, and mutually informative. They are context-dependent and informed by the stakeholders who inhabit their learning communities. While justice is ultimately aspirational, as long as injustice exists, educators have an obligation to be transformational, and to prepare activists committed to constructing a future that is more just than the present.

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